PRICE TWO CENTS.

COMMISSION AT CAMP THOMAS.

They Inspect All Points Roosevelt's, achievements during the spanish war with those of the real heroes of the war. of Interst There.

THE WATER SUPPLY.

Special Attention Given to the Pipe in Chickamauga Creek.

THE HOSPITAL COMMENDED

The Commission was Pleased at the Methods Now in Use-Dr. Craig Said the Creek Water was Purer Than That of the Springs and Wells-Flies Carried Typhoid Germs.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., October 28 .-The War Investigating Commission spent the entire day in inspecting the site of Camp Thomas, in Chickanauga Park, under the guidance of General Baynton, General Stewart, a member of the Chickanauga Park Commission, and Mr. E. Hota, the orginaer of the E. E. Betts, the engineer of the

Park Commission.

The inspection began at Lyttle Station and included all points of interest in the parks and near its borders which have been in any way involved in the controversy concerning the sanitation of the park,including Sternberg and Leiter Hospitals, and the various springs from which water was secured by the troops, required the famous "Crawfish" spring including the famous "Crawfish" spring and the point on Chickamauga creek at which the water of the pipe line supply was taken out.
THE INTAKE PIPE.

THE INTAKE PIPE.

Special attention was given to this latter place because of the criticisms that have been made upon this source of the camp's water supply. They found the in-take pipe submerged about twenty feet above the mouth of a tributary creek, locally known as Cave Spring creek, which drained the camp.

The charge had been made that the water from the tributary stream had contaminated the pipe water, being carried back into it by means of eddies, and, in one case, by an overflowing freshet.

General Boynton and Mr. Betts, both of whom had been concerned in the location

whom had been concerned in the location of the pipe line, admitted that there had been one occasion when Cave Spring had been one occasion when Cave Spring had overflowed and broken a dam, thus throw-ing its water into the main stream above the in-take; but, they explained that this freshet had occurred at night when the pumps were shut down and no water was

the flow and to the depth of the stream and urged the impossibility of infection WERE NON-COMMITTAL

The commissioners listened attentively to all that was said, but naturally they were conservative in their expressions. were conservative in their expressions. General Wilson gave especial attention to the question, as an engineer problem, and while refusing to allow himself to be quoted it was manifest from expressions that he dropped he was impressed with the strong improbability if not the impossibility of infection from this source. It was also equally evident that a majority of the commission formed the same existen.

Sternberg Hospital, Major Giffen, in com-mand of the hospital, said it would soon

TOO CLOSE TOGETHER. TOO CLOSE TOGETHER.

The Commission also gave attention to the proximity of the various camps to one another and the depths and location of the sinks. The conclusion seemed quite general that many of the regiments were thrown more closely together than they should have been and that this fault could have been averted by moving as there is, in the opinion of at least some of the commission, sufficient space that was not occupied for the accommodation of many thousands more of troops than was ever present there.

Many of the sinks were also found to have been nearer to the tents than pro-

Many of the sinks were also found to have been nearer to the tents than proper ideas of sanitation encourage, and in some cases the character of the surface was found to warrant the conviction that the sinks were shallower than they should have been, but this was true only of parts of the camps.

After the inspection of the camp. Major Giffen, who had been before the commission before, was asked to make a statement concerning criticisms of hospital physicians. He denied that dying menhad been neglected.

been neglected. PURER THAN THE SPRINGS. PURER THAN THE SPRINGS.
Dr. Charies F. Craig, bacteriologist, of
the Stornberg Hospital, was also examined. He was questioned especially with
reference to the water supply of the
camp and expressed the opinion that the
water taken from Chickamauga river
themselve the pine exation was purer than

prounds.

Dr. Craig expressed the decided impression that common house files are capable of proving a decided source of discuss infection and he detailed bacteriological tests showing that they carried typhoid germs upon their feet. He said that he had macerated a number of files back had been placed in mass, impressions. which had been placed in sugar impreg-nated with the germs and had produced from them a pure typhoid bacilius cul-

SENATOR HILL IN THE FIGHT. He Makes Bis First Political Speech

Since 1894. ELMIRA. N. Y., October 28,-Exspeech since 1894 in his native city tohat crowded every available inch of base in the Lyceum Theatre. Mr. Hill's ddress was delivered in his usual vigor-us style, and elicited great applause at

He did not mention the National Demo-eratic platform nor the silver issue, ex-cept to say:

"We will cross no bridges until we come to them; 1999 will take care of itself."

He charged the Republican State or-ganization with an intention to betray the proposed legislative blennial session amendment, and called upon the Re-publican candidate for Governor to de-tine his position on that question. He also charged that Colonel Roosevelt

when a member of the Legislature was antagonistic to the interests of labor and that he voted against the bill to submit to the voters of the State the abolition of convict contract labor in the State prisons.

He referred sarcastically to Colonel

Roosevelt's Corning speech in which the Colonel said he had seen a great deel of light on labor problems during the past fifteen years and asserted that Colonel Roosevelt had been at least fifteen years behind the times in regard to all the labor measures which had been passed for the benefit of the labor organizations by the State Legislature, He contrasted Colonel Roosevelt's achievements during the WILL SOON END NEGOTIATIONS.

A TERRIBLE TRAGE Y.

An Insane Man Kills J. D. Bishop With

a Razor on an Atlanta Street Car. ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 28.-W. G. Sheek-ley, an invane farmer of Auburn county,

wounded Folice-Captain John Thompson, on a street car here today. Robert Mc-Coy, an ex-policeman, in effecting the capture of the demented murderer was severely, but not fatally stabbed. Bishop

ley is under arrest.

John D. Bishop has lived in Atlanta all his life and farmed near Westview until about two years ago, when he went to Charleston. He was there employed as a motorman, and only returned to Allanta about ten days ago. He came back to the city to settle up the estate of his aunt, who died recently, and he had several estate papers in his pocket at the time he was killed. He was a bachelor, about thirty-two years old.

May Go to Cuba.

May Go to Cuba.

ATLANTA, GA., October 28.—Governor
Atkinson to-day received the following
reply from Adjutant-General Corbin to
his letter asking that the Third Regiment be attached to the Seventh Corps
for service in Cuba:

"The Secretary of War requests me to

say, in reply to yours of the 23d instant, requesting that the Third Georgia Regiment be assigned to the Seventh Corps,

that this regiment has been assigned to that this regiment has been assigned to a brigade in another corps, but your re-quest will be kept in view and if an op-

this regiment in a foreign country it will be availed of."

Prince of Wales' Filly Wins,

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Prince of Wales' four-year-old bay filly, Nunsuch, ridden by Tod Sloane, the American jockey, won the Old Cambridgeshire handicap, of 500 sovereigns, to-day.

DREYFUS' CASE.

The Prosecutor Says They Cannot

Relinquish It Now Without

Dereliction of Duty.

PARIS, Oct. 28.-At to-day's session of

M. Manau concluded with denouncing

"the villainous attacks on the partisans of revision." and made a strong plea that

the court be not influenced by outside pressure, but that it decide in favor of a revision of the case and the immediate

PICQUART DENOUNCED. At this stage of the proceedings M. Bard read a letter from General Gonze to the

The correspondent of the Times con-

provisional liberation of Dreyfus.

MUST DECIDE

y is under arrest

Reports from Paris Are Very Encouraging.

HURRIED THEM UP.

Spaniards Have Found That Their Ga., cut the throat of J. D. Bishop and Manana Policy Wont Work.

WILL NOT PAY MUNICIPAL DEBTS

severely, but not fatally stabbed. Bishop died instantly.
Shockley called at the police station during the morning and asked to be locked up as he was going insane, but was thrown out of the station.
Shockley then called on Governor Atkinson and asked for protection and while the governor was telephoning the police, the insane man departed.
Shockley was sitting next to Mr. Bishop in the street car and without a word, frew a razor, reached around and nearly severed the head from the body. Shockley is under arrest. The Municipalities Must Pay Them selves, as They Are Not Chargeable to Spain-It is Thought the Commissioners Will Demand All the Philippine

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.-The President was enabled to lay before the cabinet to-day very encouraging reports from Paris regarding the progress of the peace fully believes that the negotiations will be concluded much sooner than was expected from the outlook a few days ago. It can be stated authoritatively that the commissioners have not yet actually begun the discussion of the Philippine question, and further than that, it will not be taken up until next week.

HURRIED UP.

Since the Spaniards have found that the American commissioners mean exactly what they say and that their presentation of the side of the United States is in reality an ultimatum, the uselessness of prolonged debate, it is said, has become apparent to the Spaniards and it is now believed the Philippine discussion will be less protracted than expected some days ago.

The recent action of the United States Government in intimating that the negotiations were proceeding much too slowly has had its effect upon the Spanish commissioners and they are not likely to debate remaining propositions to the length they did the settlement of the Cuban debt. HURRIED UP.

MUNICIPAL DEBTS.

The United States has not assumed nor guaranteed the so-called municipal debt of Cuba or Cuban municipalities, but it is expected that such debts will be paid by the municipalities incurring them, for by no reasoning could they be chargfor by no reasoning could they be charged upon Spain. Our government, it is said in official circles would look upon any attempt at evading the payments of such debts as repudiation and dishonest, and whatever government is established in Cuba will be expected to see that those obligations are carried out in good faith. Moreover, some of the bonds of Cuban municipalities are held by citizens of the United States. municipalities are need by chiefa States wight insist that the investments of her citizens in such securities are made good. The State Department has no information as to the amount of these municipal Habilities.

Attorney-General Griggs and Secretaries Gage and Long on account of their absence fro mthe city were not presen

PARIS, Oct. 28.—At to-day's session of the Court of Cassation, M. Bard, the re-porter, concluded his report of the Drey-fus case, the first part of which was pre-sented yesterday as detailed in these dis-patches. He said this morning that the court should make every investigation necessary to enlighten them and pince the whole trouble in evidence. It was for the court to decide what remained to be done. CUBAN QUESTION SETTLED.
Secretary Hay said that the Cuban
question, as he understood, had not been question, as he understood, han hot occur finally settled by the Paris Peace Com-mission, but a complete settlement, it was expected, would be reached by the end of the present week. The Philippine question, he thought would be taken up by the joint commis-sion of the present in the commission. done.

The task was a delicate one, but that was no motive to avoid it. He concluded: "You have a great duty to fuifil, Do what your conscience dictates."

INVESTIGATION URGED.

M. Mornard, counsel for Madame Dreyfus, urged that an investigation be ordered concerning the divergency of the testimony of the experts who examined the borderau in 1894 and 1897, and also to ascertain whether secret documents were communicated to the members of the court martial.

slon early in the coming week. Al-though the members of the Cabinet are reticent on the subject of the Philippines, there is little or no doubt that nothing can commissioners.

PHILIPPINES MONDAY.

communicated to the members of the court martial.

The court was less crowded than yesterday, but the same stringent precautions were taken. There was no excitement outside the Palace of Justice. The public prosecutor, M. Manau, followed M. Mornard. Addressing the judges, he said:

"Nobody can now take the Dreyfus affections of your hands, por can you relining the public processing the public process you relining the process of your hands, por can you relining." Our Commissioners Will Present a Memorandum at Joint Session,

PARIS, Oct. 28.—The American Peace Commissioners at their sessions to-day "Nobody can now take the Dreyfus affair out of your hands, nor can you relinquish it without dereliction of duty. Your decision must constitute for everybody the expression of truth and justice. Revise the trial, then, gentlement, or at least prepare the road for its revision."

MUST BE RETRIED.

M. Manau declared the court could not annul the sentence imposed upon Dreyfus without a retrial of the prisoner. He added: of the Philippines, which it is said they will place before the Spanish Commis-sioners at the joint session on Monday

next.
This information is based on the crystalized judgment of the five American
commissioners gained each for himself from the conditions presented in a care-ful examination of many persons and papers, acquainted with and bearing upon added:
"You must fix the responsibility. If Dreyfus is innocent, the culprit must not go unpunished."
The public presecutor continuing, proceeded to argue on the same lines as M. Hard, the reporter of the case, urging a revision of the trial and dwelling upon the fallibility of the writing experts. He also suggested that Major Esterhazy should testify on the subject of the Borderau.

the Philippines.
WILL BE UNANIMOUS WILL BE UNANIMOUS.
Whether or not there be divergent views among the American commissioners they will stand as a unit against the Spaniards. This statement, may at this hour, be accepted as quelling any rumor that resignation might follow any members variance of opinion from that of his American collegates.

that resignation in the content of his American colleagues.

Each member of the American Commission has separately formulated his views regarding the Philippines in his own terms, and all have been forwarded to Washington, the transmission has been made by mail and cable.

REPORT WAS "STUFF."

A report from Madrid, via a New York newspaper, reached here to-night (Friday), to the effect that the Spanish Peace Commissioners will retire, protesting, from Paris, because the Americans disregard the Spanish propositions. The correspondent of the Associated Press, submitted the report promptly to a member of the Spanish Commission, who declared it "Stuff," and authorized a denial.

FOR WHITE SUPREMACY.

North Carolina Democrats Ask the

United Votes of White Citizens. RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 28,-A special to the News and Observer from Goldsboro The meeting was presided over by William A. Guthrie, Populist candidate for Governor in 1898, who made the principal address of the day.

William E. Pountain, formerly chair-

man of the Populist State Committee and at present chairman of the Congressional Committee in the Second district, declared

Committee in the Second district, declared his allegiance to the Democratic party in a speech to the meeting.

Resolutions were adopted, the preamble of which cites that in the counties having a mixed population, especially in Berte, Craven, Edgecombe, Halifax, New Hancons and Warran, the local covernment. over and Warren, the local government had been turned over wholly or partially to negroes, who fill the county offices, told, 300 of whom are magistrates; that

as a result of these negro officials bad government has followed; respect for the law has been diminished and property has become less valuable.

The resolutions ask for the united votes IN PLUC TOPA

of the whites, disclaim any intention to resort to violence, declare friendliness to-ward the negro, deny that condition- jusward the negro, deny that condition justified Senator Pritchard's letter to the President, and strongly denounce his action in writing it. The resolutions conclude by declaring that if the Democrats carry the Legislature they will pass such laws as will give the whites control of local affairs in the eastern counties. Delegations from nearly all counties of the eastern part of the State were prezent and the meeting was very enthusiastic.

Democrats claim that the moral effect throughout the State will be considerable and they are more than ever confident of

PEACE JUBILEE ENDS.

The Celebration Closed With a Monster Civic Parade.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28.-The great peace jubilee was brought to a glorious conclusion to-day with a monster civic colebration. The magnificent illumination of the city continues to-night and the ptreets are still jammed with people. Al-though President Mckinley and others of the Washington party returned to the capital last night, interest was not less eager in to-day's programme which was not marred by a single unfavorable con

The day opened with the re-dedication of Independence Hall and then Governor Hastings, Mayor Warwick, and the other officials reviewed the parade from the same stand in the Court of Honor which the President occupied yesterday, More than 20,000 people were in line, the beauty

financiering the organization of a proposed company to be called the Continental Tobacco Company, which company will acquire the following firms' concerns: John Fosner & Bros., Louisville, Ky.: P. H. Mayo & Bro., incorporated, Richmond, Va.; Daniel Scotten & Co., Detroit, Mich.; H. J. Sorge Company, Middletown, Ohio; Hardy, Wesissinger Tobacco Company, Louisville, Ky.; The P. Lorrilard Company, Jersey City, N. J.; The Drummond Tobacco Company, St. Louis, Mo., and the plug tobacco business of the American Tobacco Company of New Jersey. of which was such as the commercial Museums had floats descriptive of Hawaii, the Philippines, Porto Rico and Cuba. Four natives in costume were on the Hawaiian float, which also carried bags of sugar, coffee

and other products.

The same idea was pursued on the other The same idea was pursued on the other ficats, representing our newly acquired colonies. One of the most striking floats was that representing the interior of the old Ross House, with Betsy Ross exhibiting to Washington and Hancock the first American flag ever made. It was called "the birth of the American flag." One of the most elaborate displays was that styled "Our Reunited Country." It showed a group of American soldiers, among whom stood with clasped hands a Confederate and a Union soldier.

While some of the concerns acquired manufacture snuff and smoking tobacco and will continue to do so so far as their existing business in those lines is concerned, the principal business of the concern will be the manufacture of plug tobacco. The output of plug tobacco of the different concerns acquired aggregates over 100,000,000 pounds per annum, and it is said that a net profit of at least 4 cents per pound can be realised, largely by reduction in the advertising, selling and manufacturing. ds of American history from 1776

One of the events of the day was a reception on board the new Japanese a reception on board the new Japanese cruiser, Kassgl, by Captain Kashiwahara, and the officers of the ship. The function was in the nature of a farewell, as the Kassgl, which recently went into commission, will shortly sail for England after receiving her guns, thence to Japan. Among those who attended were General Summer, Commodore and Mrs. Philip, Captain Sigsbee, Captain Folger, Lieutenant-Commander Marix, Governor and Mrs. Hastings, Mayor and Mrs. Warwick, and a large number of State and city officials; army and navy officers, and distinguished jubice guests.

MONTGOMERY AT CHARLESTON.

The Cruiser Returns from Nassau with

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 28.—The cruiser Montgomery arrived off Charleston harbor about 3 o'clock to-day, and after a very brief pause at quarantine came up to the city and anchored off the custom-house wharf. Commander George A. Converse and his crew had a rough passage from Nassau, encountering head winds and high seas, but the ship took it all without any trouble.

Some weeks ago the Montgomery was ordered to Charleston to be present during the fall festival, but a little laree the

ing the welfare of New York, but I ask you also to remember that you are not only New Yorkers, but Americans; that you have interests not only in the State, but in the Union; which is greater than any State; that your welfare is bound up with the welfare of the nation, and that the honor of each man of you is sensative to the honor of the flag.

I ask you to remember that you cannot if you would help having your bal-

anae this morning at daybreak. The par-ry will attempt the construction of a anding place on the beach there.

himself to be the champion trotter. He wound up the season or 1803 by reducing the world's trotting stallion record to 2:05 1-4 at Nashville, Tenn. will be hired to do the work, COL. BRYAN BETTER.

SAVANNAH, GA., Oct. 28 .- Colonel W.

Directum is a black horse, foaled in 1889, by Director, by Dictator, dam Stemwinder, by Venture, by Williamson's Belmont; second dam, a daughter of Bennett's St. Lawrence. Directum, who was a miserable little runt as a yearling and as a two-year-old, did not start until well in three-year-old form.

His first appearance was at Grand Rapids, in August, 1892. Vassa won the first heat in 2:27 1-4, and Directum took the next three in 2:23, 2:23 1-2 and 2:27 1-2. In a long series of races, up to the closing

heat in 2-2 1-4, and Direction took the next three in 2:23, 2:23 1-22 and 2:27 1-2. In a long series of races, up to the closing meeting at Nashville, he won almost every start he made, winding up the season with a record of 2:11 1-4, a record that he won in a terrific fight with Kentucky Union in a fourth heat.

Previous to his starting at Fleetwood in September, 1832, Directum had had but one race as a four-year-oid, at Cleveland on July 27th. What he did at Fleetwood made Directum more of a public favorite here than any trotting horse for many a long year past. A hard fought five heat race on Wednesday (the fastest five heat race then on record), a straight heat victory on Friday, and then a mile against time on the following Monday in 2:07, the first half in 1:00 1-2, endeared the plain looking black staillion to the New York public. Since then Directum has been in the stud.

He was bred by John Green, of Dublin, Cal His new owner, Mr. Spiers, is a Ribot, Delcasse and Leygues.

wealthy paper manufacturer, who has for years past been prominent as a breeder of trotting horses. In the fall of 1890 Mr. Spiers gave \$35,000 for Robert McGregor, afterward selling the big chestnut horse to George Ketcham, of Toledo. IN PLUG TOBACCO

A TERRIBLE TRAMP.

The Hardsheps of R. S. Dunn in a Trip to the Klondike Regions.

P. H. Mayo & Bro. One of

the Firms Acquired.

A BIG COMBINATION.

Country Interested.

THE CONTINENTAL COMPANY.

Is the Title of the New Organization.

The American Tobacco Company

Sells All Its Plug Tobacco

Interests-The P. Loril-

ard Co. also Control-

led by Syndicate.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28 -- A News Bureau

says a syndicate has been organized for financiering the organization of a propos-

LORRILARD CONTROLLED.

LORRILARD CONTROLLED.

All the properties, rights and assets, etc., of the various companies will be taken except in the case of the P. Lorrilard Company, of which all the common stock, consisting of the par value of \$3,000,000 is purchased, thus giving the Continental Company control of that company, its organization being maintained and in the case of the American Tobacco Company, the Continental Company pur-

Company, the Continental Company pur-chases from that company the plug tobac-co business and assets pertaining there-

to; the American Company retiring from the business of manufacturing plug to-

will be the manufacture of plug tobacc

The new company will issue \$20,000,000 of preferred, 7 per cent. non-cumulative stock and \$30,000,000 common stock.

The manufacturers accept in paymen

The manufacturers accept in payment for the properties common and preferred stock to the amount of about \$46,000,000 leaving \$002,000 to be raised for making certain cash payments and providing additional working capacity.

ROOSEVELT AT UTICA.

He Addresses His Audience as Amer-

icans as Well as New Yorkers.

not, if you would, help having your bal-lots this fall, having their effect felt throughout the Union. You cannot vote

As New York goes on November 4th,

As New York goes on November 4th, so the friends of honest finance, the believers in national honor throughout the Union will be elated or east down. At present our Peace Commission is sitting in Paris striving not only to secure for America the Irulis of the victories won in the tropic seas of the East

ernment for the people of those islands in the tropic seas, which we freed from the cruel tyranny of the Spaniard."

FORTUNE FOR A HORSE.

The Black Trotter Directum Sold in

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.-J.

San Franciscoffor \$20,000.

to the Klondike Regions.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 28.—R. S. Dunn, editor of one of the Harvard University publications in 1897, arrived at Vancouver Wednesday after a two thousand mile tramp over the Edmondton route to the Kiondike. He started to Edmonton, Northwest Territory, in May of the present year with a party of prospectors, and reached Fort Graham, about half way to Dawson, the last of September. All the Largest Manufactories in the

half way to Diwson, the last of September.

The trip was a terrible one, he says. The horses of the party died or were shot, and month after month the party struggied on, through trackless forest, until the Rockless were reached. Speaking of Major Moodle, of the Northwest Mounted Police, who started out from Edmonton a year ago, under instructions from the Canadian government to survey an all land route to the Klondike. Dunn said:

"I believe he has met his fate in the North, He was over a year on the trail

Dunn said:

"I believe he has met his fate in the North. He was over a year on the trail when we heard of hi mat Fort Graham. His cutit was burned in bush fires, all his horses died, and he was pushing on with his discouraged men. 250 miles north of the post, in practically an unknown country. An Indian reached Fort Graham before I left with the report that he had seen a white man dead on the trail. This was probably the Major. Before leaving Fort Graham the Major was asked when he thought he would reach the Klondike, and he replied: In about ten years, if I ever do. His fate will be in doubt for months."

Havana Commission Do Little.

HAVANA, Oct. 23.—8:55 P. M.—At this morning's joint session of the Evacuation Commissioners of the United States and Spain, no conclusion was arrived at except as to matters of detail and of little importance.

cept as to matters of detail and of importance.

Thus far all matters of importance have been regularly referred to Paris for decision by the Joint Peace Conference.

On November 15th the quarantine against yellow fever will cease, so that steamers between Havana and Tampa can carry passengers without immunity certificates.

About that time Rear-Admiral Sampson will leave for the United States to attend the wedding of his daughter, and it is the intention of Major-General Butler to go to Washington before the latter part of next month.

Governor Flower Speaks. WATERTOWN, N. Y. Oct. 28.—Ex-Governor Roswell P. Flower presided at a mass-meeting of Democrats held in this city to-night, and made his first speech of the campaign.

MAJ. MARCHAND AT KHARTOUM.

The English Press Thinks He Will Ask Permission to Withdraw His Forces from Fashoda.

CAIRO, Oct. 28 .- Major Marchand ar-

CAIRO, Oct. 78.—Major Marchand arrived at Khartoum to-day. It is said the Major deemed it necessary to personally bring to Cairo the unfinished portion of his report of his explorations. Captain Germain was left in command of the French mission at Fashoda.

Major Marchand left Fashoda on Sunday and arrived at Khartoum this morning. He leaves for Cairo to-morrow.

As other Frenchmen remain at Fashoda Major Marchand's departure from there is not considered as a settlement of the question regarding that place.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Colonel Roosevelt addressed a large gathering in Music Hall here to-night. He devoted himself largely to an arraignment of the Democratic party upon matters of State taxa-tion. In conclusion, he said: 100KS LIKE YIELDING.

tion. In conclusion, he said:

"My opponents ask you to vote only as New Yorkers, I ask you to vote as New Yorkers, I ask you to remember every State Issue; I ask you to keep in mind carefully every matter concerning the welfare of New York, but I ask you also to remember that you are not you also to remember that you are not also to remember that you are not as the carefully expectation in controversy, though the position is officially unattered.

It is assumed that he will push on the carefully expectation in order to be in direct com-

It is assumed that he will push on to Cairo, in order to be in direct communication with the French Government, and that on reaching there he will represent to Paris the impossibility of remaining at Fashoda under existing conditions, and will ask authority to withdraw his entire force.

The first Cabinet minister to speak publicly since the Cabinet Council on Thursday is Lord Baifour, of Burleigh, Secretary for Scotland, who, when ad-

Secretary for Scotland, who, when addressing a meeting last evening at Galashids, Scotland, declared that it was the settled policy of the government that the valley of the Nile must be Egyptian territory. SALISBURY ENDORSED.

Earl Spencer, First Lord of the miralty in Lord Roseberry's Cabinet, a strong speech last night at Greenock, endorsed Lord Salisbury's attitude to-

endorsed Lord Salisbury's attitude toward the Egyptian question.

Haron DeCourcei, French Ambassador,
had another long interview at the Foreign Office yesterday (Friday) with Sir
Thomas Sanderson, Permanent Under
Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs,
and there is no doubt that important
matters were under discussion.

The rumor was in circulation on the
Paris boulevards yesterday that Major
Marchand would be recalled from Fashoda, but on neither side of the channel-certainly not on this side-is any
serious attention paid to the rumor that
England will declare a protectorate over
Egypt. Green, of this city, representing the Green estate, has sold the trotting staillon Directum to W. E. Spiers, of Glen Falls, N. Y., for \$30,000 in gold coin. Directum is now nine years old, and when a four-year-old, made a glorious campaign throughout the East, proving hierard, to be the champion trotter. He

WILL ASK TO WITHDRAW.

WILL ASK TO WITHDRAW.

The Paris correspondent of the Standard says: I have excellent authority for the assertion that Major Marchand left Fashoda on his own initiative, but that he will make a request to withdraw the mission from Fashoda.

The special correspondent of the Daily Mail at Omdurman telegraphs: "I have reason to believe that Major Marchand is waiting for instructions to withdraw the French mission from Fashoda."

the French mission from Fashoda."

WILL LEAVE IT OPEN.

LONDON. Oct. 29.—The Paris correspondent of the Times, says:

"If France directs Major Marchand to retire from Fashoda she will refuse to enter on any ulterior negotiations, preferring to leave the question quite open and awaiting a more favorable opportunity to reopen it.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., Oct. 28.-Seventeen oystermen, who were arrested in James river, and brought to this city on the State oyster boat Chesapeake, were warrants charging them with taking oysters from private beds. Fines were imposed on the tongers ranging from \$10 to \$20. One man was sent on to the grand jury for grand larceny.

A Dupuy Cabinet.

PARIS, Oct. 28.—M. Dupuy has formally informed President Faure that he will accept the task of forming a new Cabinet.

He has secured the support of Mr.

MARCHAND MUST BE WITHDRAWN.

England Will Discuss Nothing Until Then

AS A FOREIGN GUEST.

If He Does Not Withdraw He Will Be Looked On as Such.

FRANCE MUST STRIKE FIRST.

England Will Not Try to Remove Mare

chand by Force, but No Reinforcements Will be Allowed to Reach Him-Russia Advises France to Avoid War-

LONDON, October 28 .- There does not seem to be the slightest ground for the report that the British Cabinet had decided to declare the protectorate of Great Britain over Egypt. It was based solely on a London dispatch to the Paris Soir. The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon

summarizes the result of the meeting of the British Cabinet yesterday as fol-1. Marchand must be withdrawn unonditionally and no undertaking of

promise can be given to discuss the questions raised by France in regard to access to the Nile and such like.

2. When Marchand is withdrawn it will be determined whether the question raised will admit of question and under what conditions the discussion can be

oceeded with. Every possible facility will be afforded to assist in Marchand's with-drawal by whichever route selected. A FOREIGN GUEST.

A FOREIGN GULST.

4. If Marchard is not withdrawn there will be no interference with his remaining at Fashoda, nor date fixed for his withdrawai. Necessarily reinforcements will not be permitted to reach him. He will be treated courteously, as a foreign visitor and will be regarded in no other light.

5. Therefore it is left to France to adopt any active measures to precipitate RUSSIA'S HAND.

RUSSIA'S HAND.

The Pall Mall Gazette adds that it has good reason to believe that while Russia has counselled France to tide over the difficulty, and avoid war, she promised to throw her weight in the scale at no distant date for the purpose of bringing the whole Egyptian question and the British occupation of Egypt to the front for settlement.

A JUDGE'S PLAIN TALK.

Judge Dellenbaugh, of Cleveland, O. Does Not Mince Matters,

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 28.-As a re-sult of a story which has been circulated suit of a story which has been circulated during the last two or three days, to the effect that Judge F. A. Dellenbaugh, of the Common Pleas Court, had received half an attorney's fees in the big divorce case tried before him, the Judge to-day made a sensational statement from the bench.

At the opening of the court the Judge arose and said:

"I wish to beg the pardon of attorneys and litigants for being a little tardy this

"I wish to beg the pardon of attorneys and litigants for being a little tardy this morning. I have been delayed by reason of certain stories—lies—which have been circulated against me. Attorney Vernon Burke is the instigator of these stories, and Judge Lamson, of this court, has been the conduit through which they were given publicity. I will only say now that a bar meeting will determine which of these men, Burke or Lamson, is the most malicious liar."

Burke is a State senator and a well-known atforney. He was the leader in the opposition to the election of M. A. Hanna for United States senator in the State Legislature last winter.

Judge Lamson is one of the Common-Pieus judges. Judge Dellenbaugh is an intimate friend of Senator Hanna.

OPPOSE THE JUNTA.

A Strong Movement in Havana Against the Provisional Government.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.-The Times tomorrow will print the following: "Fidel G. Pierra said yesterday (Friday) that a

G. Pierra said yesterday (Friday) that a strong movement had been started in Havana in opposition to the provisional government and to the Junta here. He gave the reasons for such movement, showing that there is a sharp division of sentiment among Cubans.

"Mr. Pierra and his friends are especially hitter against General Palma. At the commencement of his interview he said that he was now ready to break the long silence and palnt Mr. Palma and the men surrounding him in their true colors. General Palma, Mr. Pierra said, was 'incompetent and unfit for the position he had been occupying."

"What we object to most strong, said he, was the long-continued lying and deceit which the Junta practiced on the administration at Washington. They told untruths, and they knew it. They lied when they said that the so-called government was established and the machinery in running order. This has since been disproved."

Lord Kitchener of Khartoum. Lord Kitchener of Khartoum.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—General Kitchener, whose elevation to the peerage was apnounced September 28th, takes the title of Lord Kitchener of Kbartoum and Aspall, in the county of Suffolk.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—It is said that a letter of welcome and congratulation from the Queen in Her Majesty's handwriting was handed to General Kitchener on his landing at Dover.

Twice to-day he visited the Prince of Wales at Mariborough House at the latter interview having a long talk with the Prince.

More Troops for Manila.

More Troops for Manila.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Additional troops sailed from San Francisco for the Philippine Islands, as shown by the following telegram, received by Adjutant-General Corbin to-night:

San Francisco, Oct. 28.

Transport Ohio sailed to-day for the Philippines with headquarters and Companies A. B. C. D. E. H. K and M. First Washington Volunteers; detachment California heavy artillery, and hospital corpa. Total. 28 officers. 778 enitsted men. Senior officer, Colonel Wholly MERRIAM.

(Signed) Major-General. Mrs. Botkin Indicted.

Mrs. Rotkin Indicted

SAN FRANCISCO. Oct. 28.—Mrs. Cordelia Botkin was indicted by the grand
jury of the city and county of San Francisco for the murder of Mrs. John P.
Dunning, of Dover, Del., on August 1215
last.

read a letter from General Gonze to the President of the Court of Cassation, in which the General said: "I have just heard of a memorandum introduced in court yesterday in which Ficquart accused me of a dishonorable action. I have never previously heard of this memorandum and I wish to deny most formally Plequart's allegations. I think my word is of greater value than that of a man imprisoned on the suspiciou of forgery—"

The reading of the last statement called forth loud protests in court. The reporter added that as Colonel Picquart's memorandum was publicly read, it was only The president of court ordered that the General's letter be added to the documents in the case and the court adjourned. states 8,000 people attended the white men's mass meeting at Goldsboro to-day. Oystermen Fined, less his iliness becomes serious. ed. TO KNOW THE TRUTH.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—In moderate circles, according to the Paris correspondent of the Times, an effort is being made to discover the truth in the Dreyfus affair; the impression left by the report of M. Bard, official reporter to the Court of Cassation, and by the Requisitoire (Petition), of M. Manau, the procurator general, is "profound, painful and discouraging."

Campos Goes to Paris. MADRID, Oct. 21.—Marshal Martinez Campos, after an audience with the Queen Regent and a prolonged conference with the Minister of Finance, Senor Pulgcervet, left this evening for Paris with importent papers for the Spanish Peace Commissioners.

McKinley Returns. WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The train bearing President and Mrs. McKiniey and party on their return from the Philadelphia Peace Jubilee, reached here incident and all were in good spirits.

the Weed Commission Aboard.

Some weeks ago the above and directing the fall festival, but a little large the vessel was given the special orders to proceed to San Domingo, carrying a party of commissioners from New York. The cruiser was expected to bring President Heureaux, Mr. Smith, Mr. Weed, of New York, and other commissioners, back with her, but something happened at Nassau.

colored executive of San Domingo warship for a private yacht and

if the warship for a private yacht and ent back home.

Mr. Weed is still on board, and may may not have interesting information give about this San Domingo question. Is thought by some people that the ndicate of which Mr. Weed is a representative has been over on the island

TO PAY SPANISH SOLDIERS.

Blanco Will Give Each One Who Stays

in Cuba \$24.

HAVANA, Oct. 28.—Captain General Blanco has been instructed by the Minister of War, General Correa to pay to each discharged soldier remaining in Cuba the sum of \$24.

The joint military commissions met at a clock this morning to discuss the matters touched upon in the note recently exchanged between them.

A party of engineers under the command of Captain Crawford, went to Mari-Cuban soldiers belonging to General Menocal's division stationed at Marianao

He is Able to Receive Callers-No Ne. cessity for His Wife Going.

J. Bryan, who has been fil at his hotel since his arrival here, is much improved and received a number of callers to-day. The corps surgeon says that he has a light form of typhold fever. Colonel Bryan says he is not ill enough to require his wife to make the journey here from Nebraska and she will not come un-